

SECTION 1) IDENTIFICATION

Product ID:	400K-100X, 400-10X10 (OSHA)	Date Printed:	Apr 25, 2019
Product Name:	G-6-PDH Substrate	Supersedes Date:	N.A.
Revision Date:	Apr 25, 2019	Distributor's Name:	Trinity Biotech USA
Version:	1.0	Address:	2823 Girts Road Jamestown, NY, USA, 14701
Manufacturer's Name:	Trinity Biotech Plc	Distributor's Phone:	+1 800-325-3424
Address:	IDA Business Park Southern Cross Road Bray, Co. Wicklow, IRL	Distributor's Emergency:	Contact your local Emergency Health Care Provider. Ireland-Technical Support Group 00353-1- 276-9800
Emergency Phone:	Contact your local Emergency Health Care Provider. USA-Technical Support Group: 1-800-325-3424	Fax:	+353 1 276 9888
Information Phone Number:	+353 1 276 9800	Product/Recommended Uses:	Medical Diagnostics

SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

These classifications were evaluated according to the United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

Carcinogenicity - Category 2

Reproductive Toxicity - Category 2

Skin Corrosion - Category 1B

Pictograms



Signal Word

Danger

Hazardous Statements - Health

Suspected of causing cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Precautionary Statements - General

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Keep out of reach of children.

Read label before use.

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Wash thoroughly/hands thoroughly after handling.

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Specific treatment (see first-aid on this label).

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national/international regulation.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

No Data Available

SECTION 3) COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight
0054010-71-8	D-GLUCOSE 6-PHOSPHATE	66.43%
0000077-86-1	2-AMINO-2-(HYDROXYMETHYL)-1,3-PROPANEDIOL	11.57%
0000620-45-1	2,5-Cyclohexadien-1-one, 2,6-dichloro-4-[(4-hydroxyphenyl)imino]-, sodium salt (1:1)	9.52%
0698999-85-8	B-NADP	4.53%
0001310-73-2	SODIUM HYDROXIDE	3.02%
0000299-11-6	Phenazinium, 5-methyl-, methyl sulfate (1:1)	2.52%
0007647-01-0	HYDROCHLORIC ACID	1.28%
0000067-66-3	CHLOROFORM	< 1%
0000067-64-1	ACETONE	< 1%

SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should begin rescue breathing or, if the heart has stopped, immediately start cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) or automated external defibrillation (AED). If unwell, or exposed and concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye Contact

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a flushing duration of 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin Contact

Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Store clothing under water and wash clothing before re-use or discard. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

No Data Available

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

No Data Available

SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Small Fire : Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, water-spray or alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Large Fire : Water spray, fog or alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

No Data Available

Specific Hazards in Case of Fire

Burning can produce irritating, toxic and obnoxious fumes.

Fire-Fighting Procedures

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

Special Protective Actions

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedure

If spilled material is cleaned up using a regulated solvent, the resulting waste mixture may be regulated.

Recommended Equipment

Wear liquid tight chemical protective clothing in combination with positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Personal Precautions

DO NOT get on skin, eyes or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Absorb liquids in vermiculite, dry sand, earth, or similar inert material and deposit in sealed containers for disposal. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE

General

Wash hands after use. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored. Use Good Laboratory Procedures (GLP) during handling.

Ventilation Requirements

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

Storage Room Requirements

Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight and strong oxidizers. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage.

SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye Protection

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. If additional protection is needed for entire face, use in combination with a face shield.

Skin Protection

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

Respiratory Protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

Chemical Name	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Skin designation	OSHA Skin designation
ACETONE			1000	2400				
CHLOROFORM			50 ceiling	50 ceiling				
HYDROCHLORIC ACID			5 ceiling	7 ceiling				
SODIUM HYDROXIDE				2				

Chemical Name	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	NIOSH STEL (ppm)	NIOSH STEL (mg/m3)	NIOSH TWA (ppm)	NIOSH TWA (mg/m3)	NIOSH Carcinogen	NIOSH Carcinogen	ACGIH STEL (ppm)
ACETONE	1			250	590			500
CHLOROFORM	1	2a	9.78a			1	1	
HYDROCHLORIC ACID	1							C 2
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	1							

Chemical Name	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH TLV Basis	ACGIH Carcinogen	ACGIH Carcinogen	ACGIH Notations
ACETONE	250			URT & eye irr; CNS impair	A4	A4	A4; BEI
CHLOROFORM	10		49	Liver dam; embryo/fetal dam; CNS impair	A3	A3	A3
HYDROCHLORIC ACID				URT irr	A4	A4	A4
SODIUM HYDROXIDE		C 2		URT, eye, & skin irr			

(C) - Ceiling limit, A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans, A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, BEI -

SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical and Chemical Properties

Density	7.96813 lb/gal
Specific Gravity	0.95479

Appearance	N/A
Odor Description	N/A
Odor Threshold	N/A
pH	6
Water Solubility	N/A
Flammability	N/A
Flash Point	N/A
Viscosity	N/A
Lower Explosion Level	N/A
Upper Explosion Level	N/A
Vapor Pressure	N/A
Vapor Density	N/A
Freezing Point	N/A
Melting Point	N/A
Low Boiling Point	N/A
High Boiling Point	N/A
Auto Ignition Temp	N/A
Decomposition Pt	N/A
Evaporation Rate	N/A
Coefficient Water/Oil	N/A

SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No Data Available

Stability

Stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

Conditions to Avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, flame, high temperature, freezing and contact with incompatible materials.

Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization

No Data Available

Incompatible Materials

Strong bases, acids, oxidizing and reducing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

No Data Available

SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption.

0000067-64-1 ACETONE

Substance can be absorbed into the body by inhalation.

Aspiration Hazard

No Data Available

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

No Data Available

Reproductive Toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Respiratory/Skin Sensitization

0000067-64-1 ACETONE

Can irritate the nose and throat causing coughing and wheezing.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

0000067-64-1 ACETONE

Exposure can irritate the eyes.

0001310-73-2 SODIUM HYDROXIDE

produces severe damage

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

0000067-64-1 ACETONE

Can cause skin irritation.

0001310-73-2 SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Severe skin irritant. Causes second-and third-degree burns on short contact

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

0001310-73-2 SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Repeated exposure can lead to permanent lung damage. May cause bronchitis to develop with coughing, phlegm, and/or shortness of breath.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

0000067-64-1 ACETONE

May affect the kidneys and liver.

0001310-73-2 SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Higher exposures may cause pulmonary edema.

Acute Toxicity

0001310-73-2 SODIUM HYDROXIDE

dust may cause damage to upper respiratory tract and lung itself, producing from mild nose irritation to pneumonitis. severe damage to mucous membranes

Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous

0000067-64-1 ACETONE

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: lung disease, eye disorders, skin disorders. Overexposure may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: blood, central nervous system, eyes, kidneys, liver, respiratory system, skin.

0007647-01-0 HYDROCHLORIC ACID

LC50 (rat): 8300 mg/m3 (5666 ppm) (30-minute exposure) (2)
LC50 (rat): 45600 mg/m3 (31008 ppm) (5-minute exposure) (2)
LC50 (mouse): 3100 mg/m3 (2142 ppm) (30-minute exposure) (2)
LC50 (mouse): 16500 mg/m3 (11238 ppm) (5-minute exposure) (2)
LD50 (oral, rabbit): 900 mg/kg (5)

0000067-64-1 ACETONE

LC50 (male rat): 30000 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 71000 mg/m3 (4-hour exposure) (29)
LC50 (male mouse): 18600 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 44000 mg/m3 (4-hour exposure) (29)
LD50 (oral, female rat): 5800 mg/kg (24)
LD50 (oral, mature rat): 6700 mg/kg (cited as 8.5 mL/kg) (31)
LD50 (oral, newborn rat): 1750 mg/kg (cited as 2.2 mL/kg) (31)
LD50 (oral, mouse): 3000 mg/kg (32, unconfirmed)
LD50 (dermal, rabbit): Greater than 16000 mg/kg cited as 20 mL/kg (30)

0000067-66-3 CHLOROFORM

LC50 (rat): 2265 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 1849 (6-hour exposure) (1)
LC50 (mouse): 1540 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 1260 ppm (6-hour exposure) (1)
LD50 (oral, rat): 908 mg/kg (12)
LD50 (oral, young rat): 450 mg/kg (1)
LD50 (oral, male mouse): 36 mg/kg (13)
LD50 (oral, female mouse): 353 mg/kg (13)

SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

No Data Available

Mobility in Soil

0000067-64-1 ACETONE

the substance is not PBT / vPvB

the substance is not PBT / vPvB.

Bio-accumulative Potential

0001310-73-2 SODIUM HYDROXIDE

NaOH is not expected to bioconcentrate in organisms.

Persistence and Degradability

0000067-64-1 ACETONE

91% readily biodegradable, Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Readily biodegradable.

Other Adverse Effects

No Data Available

SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal

Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws. Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes.

SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/IMDG/IATA Information

- 14.1 UN number: UN1760
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name: Corrosive liquids, n.o.s.
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 8
- 14.4 Packing group: III
- 14.5 Environmental hazards: No Data Available
- 14.6 Special precautions for user: No Data Available
- 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code: No Data Available

US DOT/IMDG/IATA Information

SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0054010-71-8	D-GLUCOSE 6-PHOSPHATE	66.43%	SARA312
0000077-86-1	2-AMINO-2-(HYDROXYMETHYL)-1,3-PROPANEDIOL	11.57%	SARA312,TSCA
0000620-45-1	2,5-Cyclohexadien-1-one, 2,6-dichloro-4-[(4-hydroxyphenyl)imino]-, sodium salt (1:1)	9.52%	SARA312,TSCA
0698999-85-8	B-NADP	4.53%	SARA312
0001310-73-2	SODIUM HYDROXIDE	3.02%	SARA312,TSCA
0000299-11-6	Phenazinium, 5-methyl-, methyl sulfate (1:1)	2.52%	SARA312,TSCA
0007647-01-0	HYDROCHLORIC ACID	1.28%	SARA312,IARCCarcinogen,TSCA
0000067-66-3	CHLOROFORM	< 1%	SARA313, SARA312,IARCCarcinogen,NTP_Carcinogen - National Toxicology Program Carcinogens,TSCA,CA_Prop65 - California Proposition 65,CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer - CA_Proposition65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer,CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Develop - CA_Proposition65_Type_Toxicity_Developmental
0000067-64-1	ACETONE	< 1%	SARA312,TSCA

SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION

Glossary

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center(US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL-Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

Version 1.0:

Revision Date: Apr 25, 2019

Version 1.0

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